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Haugland et al. US Serial No. 10/005,050

AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

The following is a complete listing of the claims.

- (Currently Amended) A method of labeling poly(amino acids) comprising the steps of:
 - separating poly(amino acids) by gel electrophoresis, resulting in separated poly (amino acids);
 - b. transferring said separated poly(amino acids) to a solid support, resulting in immobilized poly(amino acids);
 - c. combining said immobilized poly(amino acids) on said solid support with a labeling mixture that comprises one or more chemically reactive dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes of the formula:

$$R_6$$
 R_7
 R_7
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8

wherein each of R¹ through R⁷ are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, maleimide, amine-reactive group, <u>-L-Rx</u>, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylbutadienyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl wherein at least one of R¹ through R⁷ is <u>-L-Rx</u>, wherein L is a spacer having 1-24 nonhydrogen atoms and Rx is a maleimide or a succinimidylester of a carboxylic acid an amine-reactive group;

- d. incubating the immobilized poly(amino acids) in the labeling mixture for a sufficient time for the chemically reactive dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes to form a covalent bond with said poly(amino acids), resulting in labeled poly(amino acids).
- 2. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 1, wherein Rx is caid amine reactive group is a succinimidal ester of a carboxylic acid.
- (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said solid support is made of solvent-resistant materials that are selected from the group consisting of nylon, poly(vinylidene difluoride), glass, plastics, and their derivatives.
- 4. (Previously Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 3, wherein said solid support is poly(vinylidene difluoride).
- 5. (Cancelled).
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[2]] 1, wherein said dye is present in the labeling mixture at a concentration of about 5 micromolar to about 20 micromolar.
- 7. (Cancelled).
- 8. (Previously Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 1, further comprising adding a specific binding pair member that contains a label and that binds selectively to a target within the immobilized poly(amino acids) that is its complementary binding pair.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method of labeling poly(amino acids) bound to aptamers comprising the steps of:
 - incubating immobilized aptamers with poly(amino acids) for a sufficient time to allow said poly(amino acids) to bind to their specific aptamers, resulting in immobilized poly(amino acids);

- b. removing unbound poly(amino acids) that are not immobilized,
- c. combining said immobilized poly(amino acids) with a labeling mixture that comprises one or more chemically reactive dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes of the formula:

$$R_6$$
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7

wherein each of R¹ through R⁷ are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, <u>-L-Rx</u>, maleimide, amine-reactive group, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylbutadienyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl; provided that at least one of R¹ through R⁷ is <u>-L-Rx</u>, wherein L is a spacer having 1-24 nonhydrogen atoms and Rx is a maleimide or a succinimidyl ester of a carboxylic acid an amine-reactive group;

- d. incubating the immobilized poly(amino acids) with the labeling mixture for a sufficient time to form a covalent bond between the <u>chemically reactive</u> dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye and said immobilized poly(amino acids), resulting in labeled poly(amino acids) that are bound to the aptamers.
- (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 9, wherein said amine reactive group Rx is a succinimidal ester of a carboxylic acid.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[10]] 9, wherein said dipyrrometheneboron diffuoride dye is present in the labeling mixture at a

concentration of about 5 micromolar to about 20 micromolar.

12. (Cancelled)

- 13. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[12]] 9, further comprising adding a specific binding pair member that contains a label and that binds selectively to a target within the immobilized poly(amino acids) that is its complementary binding pair.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A method of labeling immobilized poly(amino acids) in an array comprising the steps of:
 - a. combining an array of immobilized poly(amino acids) with a labeling mixture that comprises one or more chemically reactive dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes of the formula

$$R_6$$
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7

wherein each of R¹ through R² are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, <u>-L-Rx</u>, <u>maleimide</u>, <u>armine reactive group</u>, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylbutadienyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl; provided that at least one of R¹ through R² is <u>-L-Rx</u>, wherein L is a spacer having 1-24 nonhydrogen atoms and Rx is a maleimide or a succinimidyl ester of a carboxylic acid an amine-reactive group;

b. incubating said array with the labeling mixture for a sufficient time to form a covalent bond between the dipyrrometheneboron diffuoride dye and

Haugland et al.

US Serial No. 10/005,050

said immobilized poly(amino acids), resulting in the array of poly(amino acids) being labeled.

- 15. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 14, wherein Rx said amine-reactive group is a succinimidyl ester of a carboxylic acid.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[15]] 14, wherein said dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye is present in the labeling mixture at a concentration of about 5 micromolar to about 20 micromolar.
- 17. (Cancelled).
- 18. (Cancelled).
- 19. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 14, further comprising adding specific binding pair member that contains a label and that binds selectively to a target within the immobilized poly(amino acids) that is its complementary binding pair.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting poly(amino acids) comprising the steps of:
 - a. combining poly(amino acids) immobilized on a solid support; with a
 labeling mixture that comprises one or more chemically reactive
 dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes of the formula

$$R_8$$
 R_7
 R_7
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8

wherein each of R^1 through R^7 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, maleimide, amine-reactive-group, substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, and substituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl;

provided that at least one of R¹ through R⁷ is <u>L-Rx, wherein L is a spacer</u>

having 1-24 nonhydrogen atoms and Rx is a maleimide or a succinimidylester of a carboxylic acid an amine-reactive group;

- incubating said immobilized poly(amino acids) with the labeling mixture
 for a sufficient time to form a covalent bond between the <u>chemically</u>
 reactive dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye and said immobilized
 poly(amino acids) resulting in labeled poly(amino acids);
- removing unbound dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes;
- d. illuminating said labeled poly(amino acids) to yield a fluorescent optical response to detect the corresponding labeled poly(amino acids).
- 21. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the dipyrrometheneboron diffuoride dye has the formula:

$$H_3C$$
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_2C
 H_2C
 H_2C
 H_2C
 H_3C
 H_3C

23. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye has the formula:

24. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye has the formula:

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$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ &$$

26. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye has the formula:

27. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye has the formula:

29. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye has the formula:

- 32. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, wherein said solid support is made of solvent-resistant materials that are selected from the group consisting of nylon, poly(vinylidene difluoride), glass, plastics, and their derivatives.
- (Previously Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 32, wherein said solid support is poly(vinylidene difluoride).
- 34. (Cancelled).
- 35. (Cancelled)
- 36. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[35]] 20, wherein said dipyrrometheneboron diffuoride dye is present in the labeling mixture at a concentration of about 5 micromolar to about 20 micromolar.
- 37. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 20, further comprising adding a specific binding pair member that selectively binds to a target within said immobilized poly(amino acids) that is its complementary binding pair.

- 38. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 37, where said specific binding pair member contains a label that is an enzyme or a hapten.
- 39. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 37, where said specific binding pair member contains a label that is a fluorophore.
- 40. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 37, further comprising: adding a secondary complementary binding pair member that contains a label and that selectively binds to the specific binding pair member.
- 41. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 40, wherein the label on the secondary complementary binding pair is an enzyme.
- 42. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 40, wherein the label on the secondary complementary binding pair is a fluorescent dye.
- 43. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 41, wherein said enzyme is a peroxidase or a phosphatase.
- 44. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 43, wherein said peroxidase is horseradish peroxidase.
- 45. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 43 wherein said phosphatase is alkaline phosphatase.
- 46. (Previoulsy Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 41, wherein said enzyme is capable of utilizing a fluorogenic substrate to generate a detectable optical response.
- 47. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 46, wherein said enzyme is a peroxidase and said fluorogenic substrate is a fluorescent tyramide.
- 48. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 46, wherein said enzyme is a phosphatase and said fluorogenic substrate is a quinazolinone phosphate.

- 49. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 46, wherein said enzyme is a phosphatase and said fluorogenic substrate is 9H-(1,3-dichloro-9,9-dimethylacridin- 2-one-7-yl) phosphate.
- 50. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 46, wherein said enzyme is a peroxidase and said fluorogenic substrate is a polyfluorinated xanthene.
- 51. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 40, wherein said secondary complimentary binding pair is an antibody or an antibody fragment.
- 52. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 39, wherein said complementary specific binding pair member is a lectin.
- 53. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 39, wherein said specific binding pair member is biotin-binding protein that contains a label.
- 54. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 53, wherein said biotin-binding protein is streptavidin.
- 55. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 53, wherein said biotin-binding protein is NeutrAvidin.
- 56. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 37, wherein said specific binding pair member is an antibody or antibody fragment, an aptamer, a lectin, or a biotinbinding protein.
- **57**. (Canceled).
- 58. (Canceled).
- 59. (Canceled).
- 60. (Canceled).

- 61. (Canceled).
- 62. (Canceled).
- 63. (Canceled).
- 64. (Canceled).
- 65. (Canceled).
- 66. (Canceled).
- 67. (Canceled).
- 68. (Canceled).
- 69. (Canceled).
- 70. (Canceled).

71. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[6]] 1, wherein said dye is selected from the group consisting of

72. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[11]] 9, wherein said dye is selected from the group consisting of

Haugland et al.

US Serial No. 10/005,050

- 73. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting immobilized poly(amino acids) comprising the steps of:
 - a) separating poly(amino acids) by gel electrophoresis, resulting in separated poly (amino acids);
 - transferring said separated poly(amino acids) to a solid support, resulting in immobilized poly(amino acids);
 - c) combining said immobilized poly(amino acids) on said solid support with a labeling mixture that comprises one or more chemically reactive dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes of the formula:

$$R_6$$
 R_7
 R_7
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8

wherein each of R¹ through R⁷ are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, <u>-L-Rx</u>, maleimide, amine reactive group, substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylethenyl, substituted or unsubstituted arylbutadienyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl;

wherein at least one of R¹ through R⁷ is <u>L-Rx</u>, wherein L is a spacer having 1-24 nonhydrogen atoms and Rx is a maleimide or a succinimidylester of a carboxylic acid an amine-reactive group;

- d) incubating the immobilized poly(amino acids) in the labeling mixture for a
 sufficient time for the chemically reactive dipyrrometheneboron diffuoride
 dyes to form a covalent bond with said poly(amino acids), resulting in labeled
 poly(amino acids);
- e) removing unbound dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dyes;
- f) illuminating said labeled poly(amino acids) to yield a fluorescent optical response to detect the corresponding labeled poly(amino acids).
- 74. (Previously Added) A method, as claimed in Claim 73, wherein said solid support is made of solvent-resistant materials that are selected from the group consisting of nylon, poly(vinylidene difluoride), glass, plastics, and their derivatives.
- 75. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[74]] 73, wherein said solid support is poly(vinylidene difluoride).

- 76. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[75]] 73, wherein said dipyrrometheneboron difluoride dye is present in the labeling mixture at a concentration of about 5 micromolar to about 20 micromolar.
- 77. (Previously Added) A method, as claimed in Claim [[76]] 73, further comprising adding a specific binding pair member that selectively binds to a target within said immobilized poly(amino acids) that is its complementary binding pair.
- 78. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 77, where said specific binding pair member contains a label that is an enzyme, a fluorophore or a hapten.
- 79. (Previously Added) A method, as claimed in Claim 77, further comprising: adding a secondary complementary binding pair member that contains a label and that selectively binds to the specific binding pair member.
- 80. (Currently Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim [[76]] 73, wherein said dye is selected from the group consisting of

$$H_3C$$
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_2C
 H_2C

$$H_{C} = C$$

$$H_{C$$

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